

ZHMUR, V.A., prof.; BLISEYEVA, A.V.

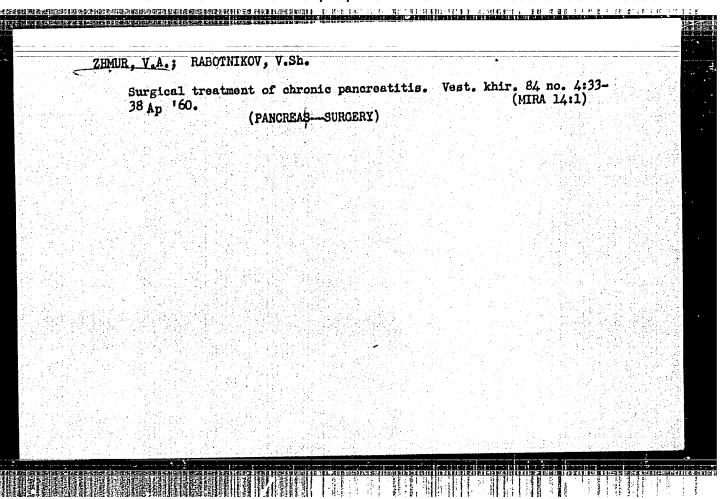
Surgical treatment of cancer of the large intestine (excluding the rectum). Sov. med. 24 no.1:38-41 Ja '60. (MIRA 13:5)

1. Iz fakul'tetskoy khirurgicheskoy kliniki (dir. - akad. A.N. Bakulev) II Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni N.I. Pirogova.

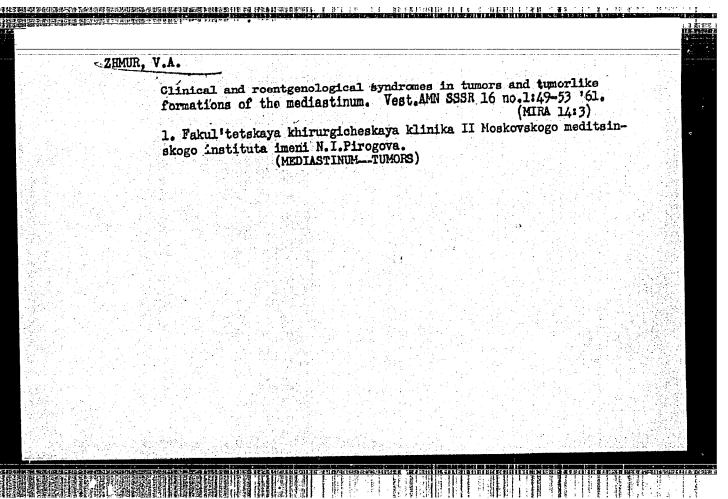
(INTESTINE LARGE neoplasms)

CIA-RDP86-00513R002064830011-6" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/19/2001

# ZEMUR, V.A., prof. The syndrome of the superior vena cava and its surgical significance. Khirurgita 36 no.10184-92 0 '60. (MIRA 13:11) 1. Iz fakul'tetskoy khirurgicheskoy kliniki imeni S.I. Spasckukotskogo (dir. - akad. A.N. Bakulev) II Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni N.I. Pirogova. (VENAE CAVA)



# ZHNUR, V.A., prof.; RABOTNIKOV, V.Sh. Chronic panoreatitis and lesions of Vater's ampulla. Vest.kmir. 85 no.12:89-95 D '60. 1. Is fakul'tetskoy khirurgioheskoy kliniki im. S.I. Spesckukotskogo (dir. - prof. A.N. Bakulev) 2-go Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta im. R.I. Pirogova. Adres avtorovs Moskva, Leningradskiy pro. d.8s.; 1-ya Gradskaya bol'nitsa. (PANORRAS—SURGERY) (DIODENUM—SURGERY)



BRAUDE, Isaak Leont'yevich [deceased]; FERSIANINOV, Leonid Semenovich.

Prinimali uchastiye: HAUDE, A.I., doktor med.nauk; GRANAT, N.Te.,
kand.med.nauk; ZHMUR, V.A., prof.; MAKEYEVA, O., doktor med.
nauk; RAFAL'KES, S.B., dotsent. PCRAY-KOSHITS, K.V., red.;
BUL'DIATEV, N.A., tekhn.red.

[First aid in obstetrical and gynecological pathology] Neotloahnaia
pomoshch' pri akuehereko-ginekologicheskoi patologii. Moskva,
Medgiz, 1962. 358 p.

(FIRST AID IN ILLNESS AND INJURY)

(OBSTETRICS)

# ZHMUR, V.A. (Moskva, G-248. Kutuzovskiy prosp.,d.12,kv.52) Atriomammary anastomosis for nononcological obturation of the superior vena cava. Grud.khir. 2 no.2s112-115 Mr-Ap'60. (NIRA 16:7) 1. Is fakul'tetskoy khirurgicheskoy kliniki imeni S.I. Spasokukotskogo (dir.-akademik A.N.Bakulev) II Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni N.I.Pircgova (dir.-dotsent M.G. Sirotkina). (VENA CAVA-DISEASES) (MAMMARY VEIN) (HEART-SURGERY)

ZHMUR, V.A.; EUYAMOV, V.M.

Alloplasty in abdominal and chest surgery. Trudy NIIEKHAI no.5:177-184 '61.

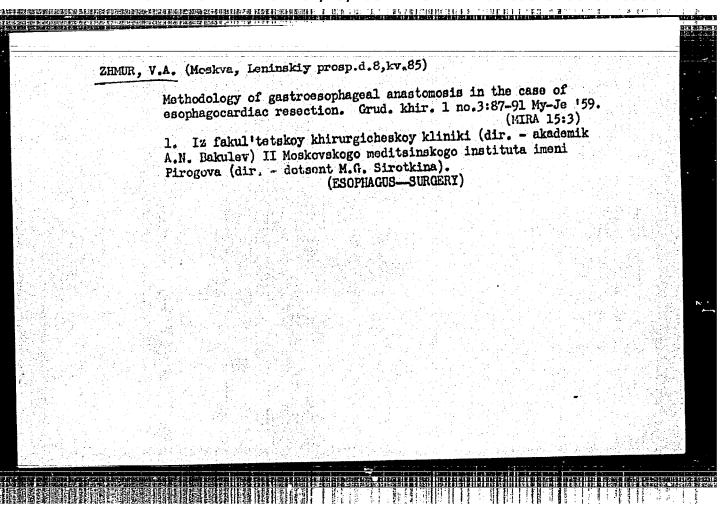
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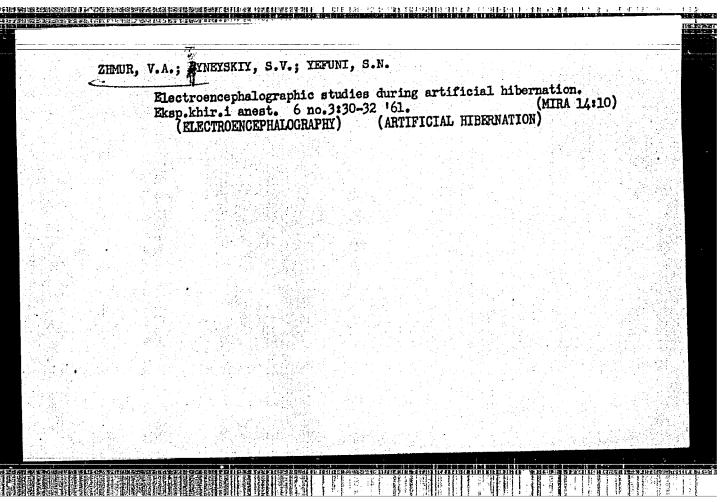
(ABDOMEN—SURGERY) (CHEST—SURGERY) (PLASTICS IN MEDICINE)

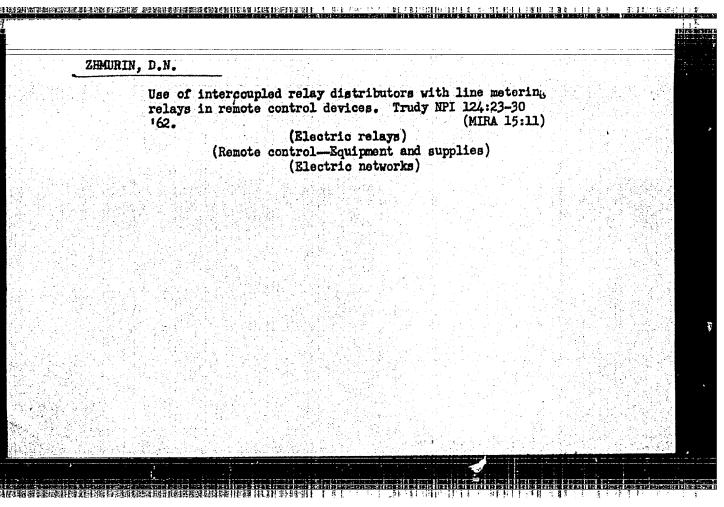
BAKUIEV, A.N., prof., red.; BUSALOV, A.A., prof., red.; ZHMUR, V.A., prof., red.; IVANITSKAYA, M.A., dots., red.; KOIESHIKOV, S.A., doktor med. nauk, red.; SERGEYEV, V.M., red.; ZAKHAROVA, A.I., tekhn. red.

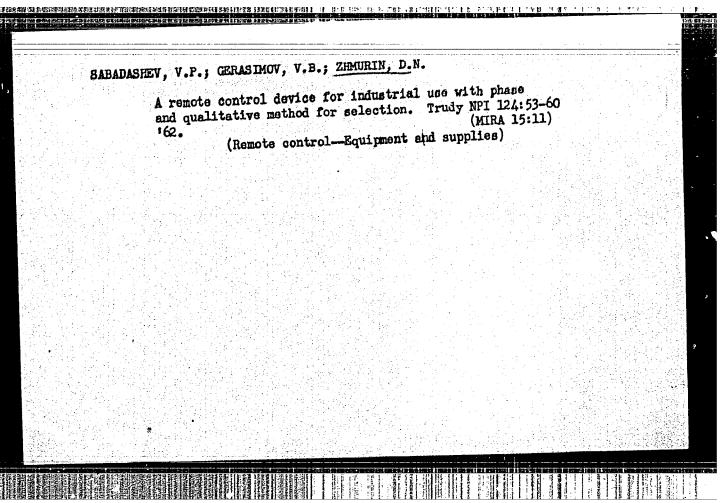
[Transactions of the First Jubilee Scientific Session of the Institute for Chest Surgery of the Academy of Medical Sciences of the U.S.S.R.] Trudy 1-i iubileinoi nauchnoi sessii, 2-4 dekabria 1957 g. Moskva, Pod red. A.A.Busalova. Moskva, Medgiz, 1959. 263 p. (MIRA 15:5)

1. Akademiya meditsinskikh nauk SSSR, Moscow. Institut grudnov khirurgii. 2. Deystvitel'nyy chlen Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR, Institut grudnoy khirurgii Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR (for Bakulev). 3. Direktor fakul'tetskoy khirurgicheskoy kliniki Vtorogo Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni N.I.Pirogova (for Busalov). 4. Institut grudnoy khirurgii Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR (for Zhmur, Ivanitskaya, Kolesnikov).



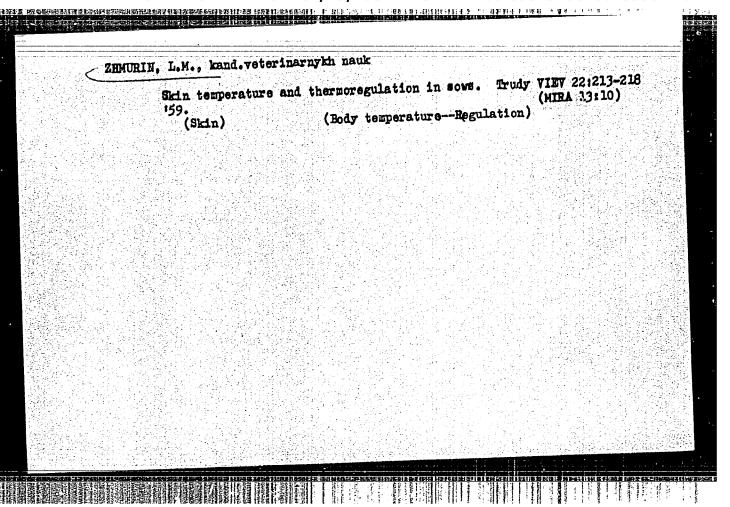




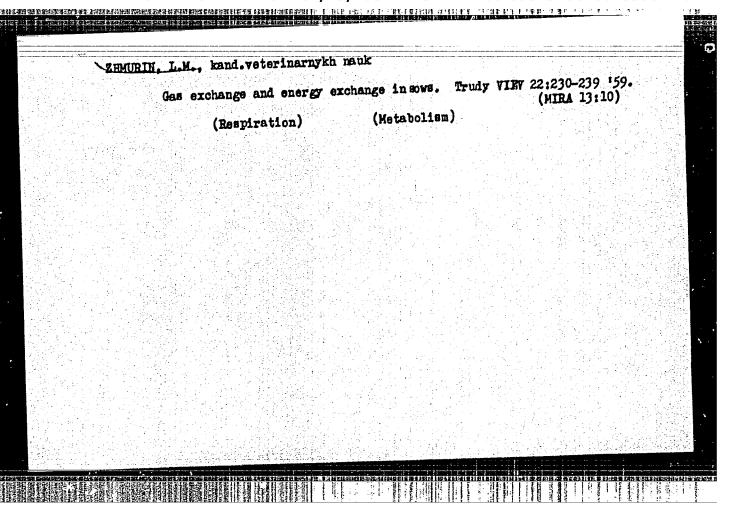


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ZHAURIN, I. M.			
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Moscow - Buildings, Prefabricated			
How the first large-panel residential building in Mosco operation. Biul. stroi. tekh. 10, No. 9, 1953.	w stood the t	est in	
성하는 사용되는 사람은 하장의 성급성이 가지 않는 것이 되었다. 이번 경기를 되었다. - 기계 하는 사람들이 하는 경기를 가고 하는 것이 글로 기계를 가지 않는 사람들이 되었다.			
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[18] 하고 하는 사람들이 하는 노랫동을 경영을 하는 경영을 보고 있습니다. (1911년) 18일 : 18일 - 19일 : 18일 : 1			
Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress	, April	1953, Uncl.	

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2ma	URIN, L.M., kand.veterinarnykh nauk			
	Investigation of gas exchange as Trudy VIEV 22:219-229 '59. (Respiration)	d energy metabolism (Metabolism)	in young pigs. (MIRA 13:10)	



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USSR/Form Animals. Horses.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Diol., No 20, 1958, 92551.

Author : Zhrarin, L.N.

Inst

: All-Union Scientific Research Institute for Herse

Raising.

: Data on the Innervation of the Ovary, Follicles and Title

Corpus Luteuri in Horses.

Orig Pub: Byul mauchno-tekhn. inform. Vses. n.-i. in-t konevodstva,

1957, No 3, 14-16.

Abstract: It was shown in 25 preparations using the impregnation

method of Bilshovskii-Gros as modified by Kompas that a well developed nerve apparatus exists in the ovary which includes bundles of redullated and non-redullated nerve-fibers and nerve endings. The area of the ovulatory fossa of the overies is innerved nost inten-

: 1/2 Card

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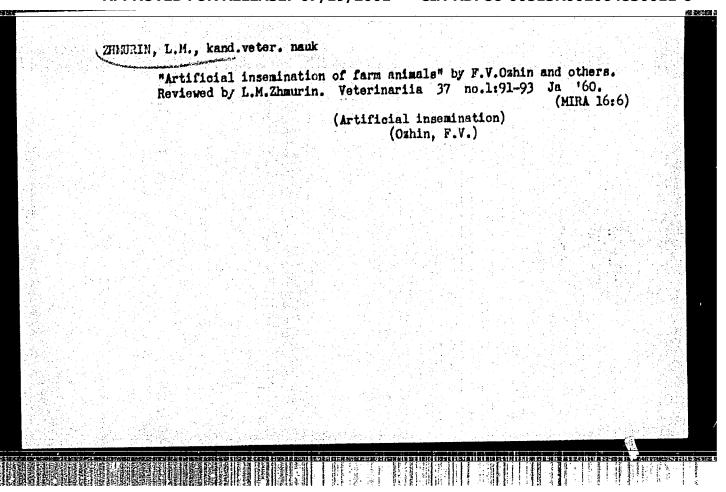
CIA-RDP86-00513R002064830011-6" **APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/19/2001** 

. USSR/Farm Animals. Horses.

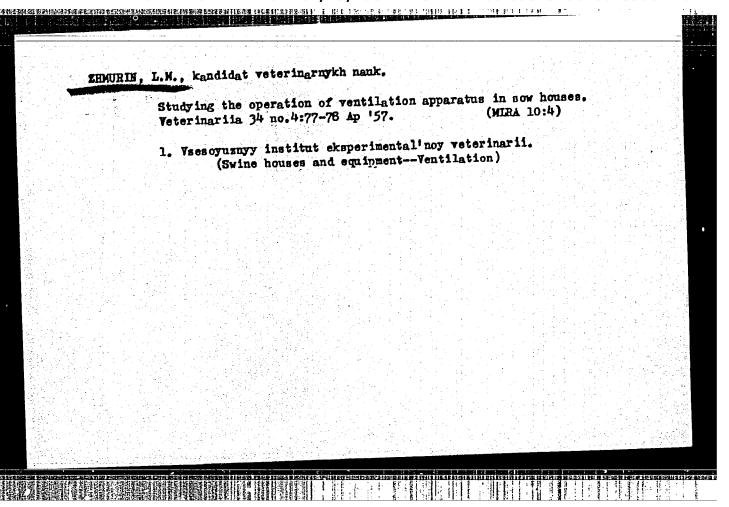
Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 20, 1958, 92551.

sively. Morve endings in the follicle walls in all stages of maturity are often found in the area of the ovarian follicles.

Card : 2/2



ZAMMURIN, L. M.				and notion of	e animals."	
"The new	edition of t	he book on	artificial	ensemination of	f Ellingen A	
Veterinariya, Vol.	37, No. 1, 1	960, p. 🎎	91			
Cank Vet Sci.						
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ZHMURIN, L.M.

"Data on the Zoohygienic Roasons for Standardized Planning of Farrowing Pens."

Cand Vet Sci, All-U ion Inst Experimental Veterinary Sci, Min Agriculture

USSR, Moscow, 1955. (KL, No 14, Apr 55)

SO: Suma Noi 704, 2 Nov 55 - Survey of Scientific and Technical Dissertations

Defended at USSR Higher Educational Institutions (16).

如"Tendomship and Andrew 1985年的1985年的1985年的1985年的1985年的1985年,1985年1985年的1985年,1985年1985年,1985年1985年,1985年1985年,	113
L 36940-66 EWT(m)/EWP(w)/T/EWP(t)/ETI/EWP(k) IJP(c) JD/HW/WB	40.26 - See.
ACC NR: AP6019713 SOURCE CODE: UR/0128/66/000/006/0003/0005 .	
AUTHOR: Korolev, V. M. (Candidate of technical sciences); Kolobashkin, B. M. (Candidate of technical sciences); Zhmurina, Yu. A. (Engineer); Maslov, A. D. (Engineer); Malinina, A. D. (Technician); Kuyanova, M. M. (Technician)	
ORG: Aone	
TITLE: High-strength stainless steel VNL-1	
SOURCE: Liteynoye proizvodstvo, no. 6, 1966, 3-5	
TOPIC TAGS: stainless steel, high strength steel, austenitic martensite steel, precipitation hardenable steel / VNL-1 stainless steel	
ABSTRACT: A new austenitic-martensitic cast stainless steel designated VNL-1 has been developed. The steel contains 0.08% max C, 0.9% max Mn, 0.75% max Si, 14.07—14.60% Cr, 6.45—7.50% Ni, 0.68—0.83% Mo, 0.016—0.018% S, and 0.028—0.30% P. At room temperature the steel has a tensile strength of 111—123 kg/mm², a yield strength of 84—93 kg/mm², an elongation of 11.8—19.0%, a reduction of area of 37—45%, and a	
notch toughness of 5—8 mkg/cm <sup>2</sup> . The corresponding figures for -196C are 161—180 kg/mm <sup>2</sup> , 107—147 kg/mm <sup>2</sup> , 9—167, 14—217, and 4—77. At 509C the steel has a tensile strength of 65—80 kg/mm <sup>2</sup> , an elongation of 8—107, and a reduction of area of 20—407. In cyclic tests under a stress of 77.5—88 kg/mm <sup>2</sup> , the steel withstood	
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ACC NR: AP6019713  6000—14000 cycles at a frequency of 8 cycles/min. Under axial stresses, the steel has a fairly low notch sensitivity. The steel can be successfully welded with argon— has a fairly low notch sensitivity. The steel can be successfully welded with argon— has a fairly low notch sensitivity or heat-treated conditions. Fully heat-treated shielded arc in either the as-cast or heat-treated conditions. Fully heat-treated shielded arc in either the as-cast or heat-treated conditions on the welds have a strength of over 90 kg/mm² and a satisfactory notch toughness in the welds have a strength of over 90 kg/mm² and a satisfactory notch toughness in the welds have a strength of over 90 kg/mm² and a satisfactory notch toughness in the welds have a strength of over 90 kg/mm² and a satisfactory notch toughness in the welds have a strength of over 90 kg/mm² and a satisfactory notch toughness in the welds have a strength of over 90 kg/mm² and a satisfactory notch toughness in the welds have a strength of over 90 kg/mm² and a satisfactory notch toughness in the welds have a strength of over 90 kg/mm² and a satisfactory notch toughness in the welds have a strength of over 90 kg/mm² and a satisfactory notch toughness in the welds have a strength of over 90 kg/mm² and a satisfactory notch toughness in the welds have a strength of over 90 kg/mm² and a satisfactory notch toughness in the welds have a strength of over 90 kg/mm² and a satisfactory notch toughness in the well a strength of the corresponding to the satisfactory notch toughness in the well a strength of the satisfactory notch toughness in the well a strength of the satisfactory notch toughness in the well a strength of the satisfactory notch toughness in the well a strength of the satisfactory notch toughness in the well a strength of the satisfactory notch to the satisfactor	
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	실종 환경 화기를 받는						
시아 교육 중시 경기 등이 있다. 영화 급기를 가는 것을 하고							

ACCESSION NR: AP4012029

8/0185/64/009/001/0032/0037

AUTHOR: Shneyder, A. D.; Zhmurko, I.S.

TITLE: Optical and photoelectric characteristics of the system HgTe-CdTe

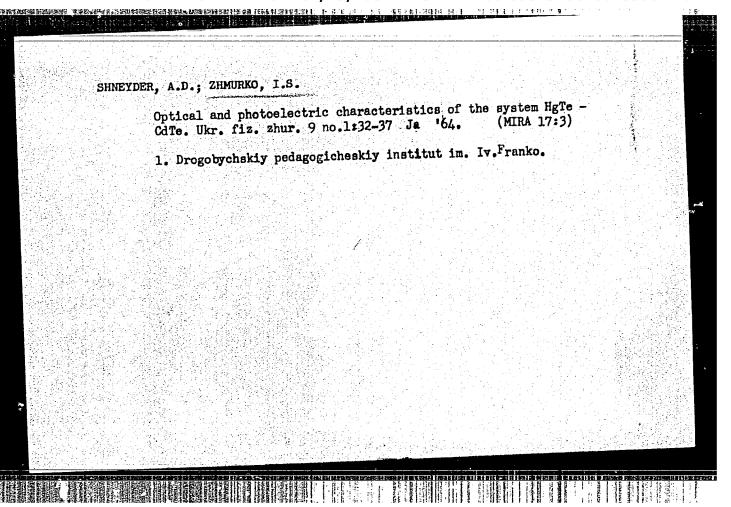
SOURCE: Ukrayins'ky\*y fizy\*chny\*y zhurnal, v. 9, no. 1, 1964, 32-37

TOPIC TAGS: Hg, Cd, HgTe, CdTe, HgTe-CdTe, solid solution, optical property, photoelectric property, forbidden gap, forbidden band, energy gap, energy band; crystal, energy level, photosensitivity, photoconductivity

ABSTRACT: The present work was carried out because of the absence of complete data on the optical and photoelectric properties of HgTe-CdTe solid solutions rich in CdTe. An investigation was made of the spectral characteristics of the refractivity, absorption and photosensitivity of samples of such compounds in the range of 0.6-2.0 microns at 100 and 293K. The refractive index is practically independent of the wavelength in the region of transparency. The longwave region of absorption curves of samples with 25-70% HgTe is well described by the dependence  $\alpha \sim \lambda^2$ , which indicates free-carrier absorption. The forbidden gap

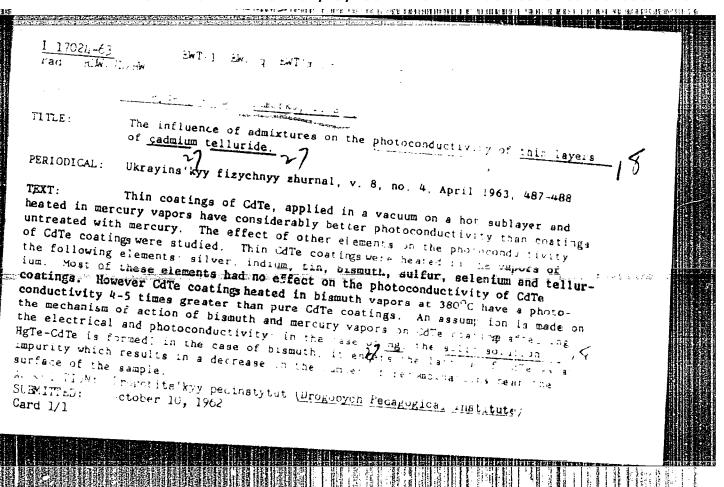
Card 1/2

		E <sub>opt</sub> and its temperature co
correspon- HgTe the h 10% HgTe;	gy gap $\Delta E_{pc}$ (pc = photoconductivity) was e spectral curves of photosensitivity.  and $\beta$ are given. In samples with 10-dependence differs from that in samples ent mechanism of photoconductivity. Originally,	sorption curves. The energ on the wavelength $\lambda_1$ of the ng values of r. $\Delta E_{\rm opt}$ , $\Delta E_{\rm po}$ otosensitivity temperature
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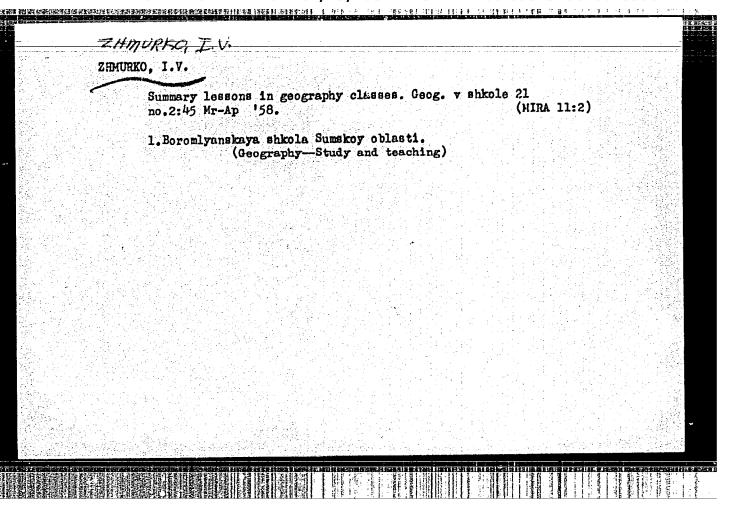


5/181/62/004/003/035/045 B108/B104 Shneyder, A. D., and Zhmurko, I. S. AUTHORS: Photoelectrical properties of mercury-activated cadmium TITLE: telluride layers PERIODICAL: Fizika tverdogo tela, v. 4, no. 3, 1962, 806-807 TEXT: Cd-Hg-Te layers prepared by heating CdTe with mercury vapor were studied under conditions of "transverse" and "longitudinal" illumination. The ratio of photocurrent to dark current was somewhat greater in the case of "transverse" illumination whereas the absolute amount of photocurrent in this case was only about one thousandth of the photocurrent from "longitudinal" illumination. The electrical and photoelectrical properties were directly dependent on the vapor pressure of the mercury in heating, i. e., on the amount of mercury diffused into CdTe. The photoconductivity maximum which for CdTe lies at about 830 mu is shifted to longer waves when mercury is added. This behavior is attributed to the formation of solid solutions of the type xCdTe-(1-x)HgTe. There are 2 figures and 4 references: 3 Soviet and 1 non-Soviet. The reference to the English-Card 1/2

Photoelectr.	ical properties of	S/181/62/004/003/035/0 B108/B104	045
language pul Solids, <u>9</u> ,	olication reads as follows: 325, 1959.	W. D. Lawsow et al. J. Phys	. Chem.
ASSOCIATION:	Drogobychskiy gosudarstvo	nnyy pedagogicheskiy institu te Pedagogical Institute ime	
SUBMITTED:	April 7, 1961 (initially	) November 17, 1961 (after r	evision)
Card 2/2			



理论文等的的建设程 阿利里第一时 的复数形式 医下面型门 医海里氏测定虫 医阿伯克 网络亚酚 SOURCE: PZh. Pizika, Abs. 5E499 AUTHOR: Shneyder, A. D.; Zhmurko, I. 3. TITLE: Electric and photoelectric properties of CITED SOURCE: Nauk. zap. <u>Drohobyts'k</u>. derzh. ged. in-t, vyn 8, 1962, 3-9 TOPIC TAGS: cadmium telluride, photoelectric property, electric property, photoconducting film, photoconductivity TRANSLATION: The optimal conditions for obtaining photoconducting CdTe films are investigated. The best results were obtained by condensing high-resistance p-CdTe from vacor on a quartz or graphite substrate heated to 250-300°C. The specimens on a quantum base were characterized by a ratio i  $/i_{\pi}$  = 120. The specimens on the granhite is a when illuminated through the upper semi-transferent electrode had a photocurrent in = (30-35) Ma. The spectral characteristic of the photoconductive ity displays one marimum af 840 m . The slone of the temperature dependence of the in corresponds to  $\Delta E = 1.5$  ev. The photographic growth curve is or rectagazed up an average value t =  $2 \times 10^{-6}$  sec, and the lifetime of the carrier is  $\leq 10^{-6}$  sec. A. Shneyder 17 Jun 63 SUB CODE: PH ENCL: 00



HMURKO, N. N.	원 수 됐는데 하면요. 그런 이 보는 그 그		
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음식 이 경우 하는 것이 있다. 사건 기계			
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ZHMURKO, N. N.

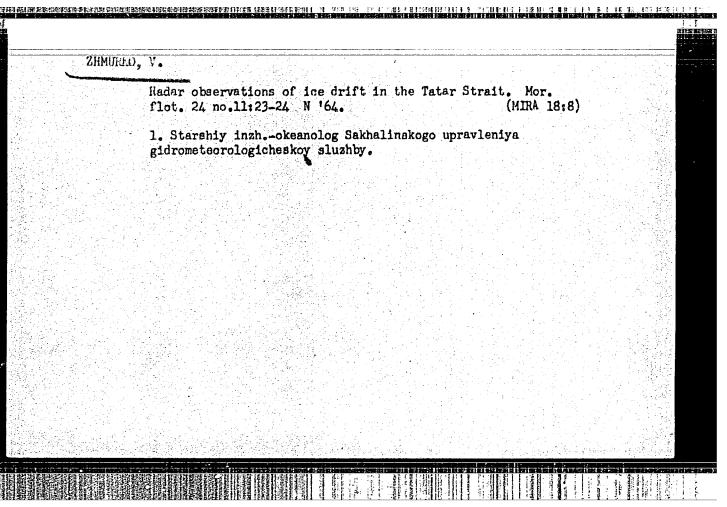
Nurses and Nursing

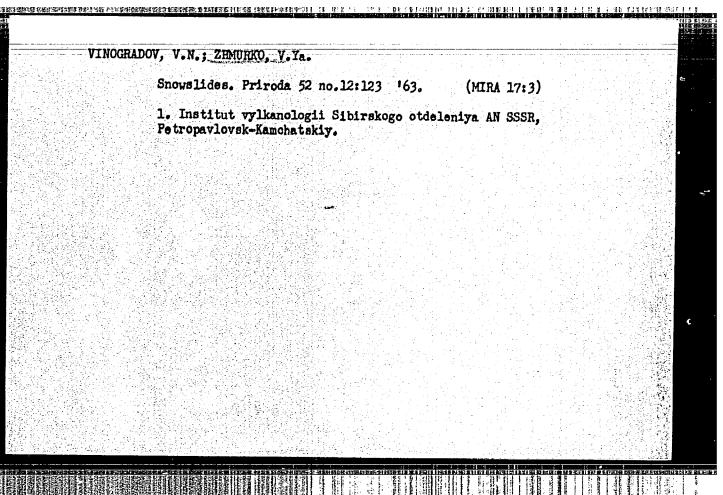
New style of gowns for the non-professional medical personnel. Fel'd.i akush. no. 2, 1952.

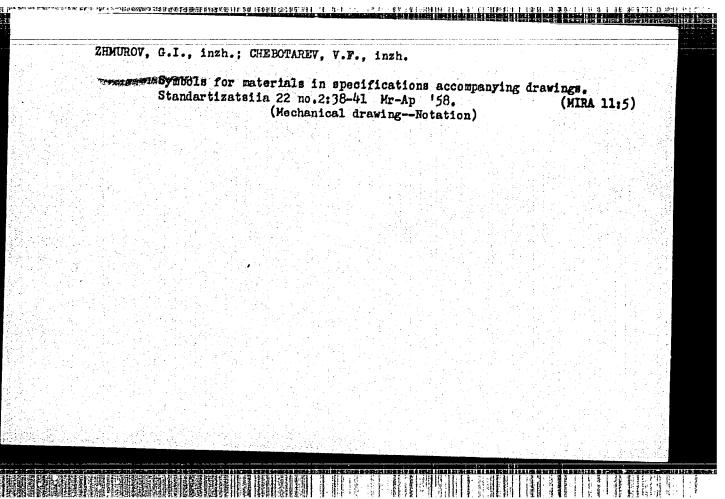
Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, April 1952. UNCLASSIFIED.

PUGZAN, M.D., kand. tekhm. nauk; SADOVSKIY, G.I., kand. tekhn. nauk;
ZHMURKO, P.T., gornyy inzh.; FILIPPENKOV, A.I., gornyy inzh.;
KOREN'KOV, E.N., gornyy inzh.; SHABLYGIN, A.I., kand. tekhn. nauk

Searching for optimal parameters of the induced block caving system
at the "Zapoliarnyy" mine. Gor. zhur. no.6:19-24 Je '65. (MIRA 18:7)

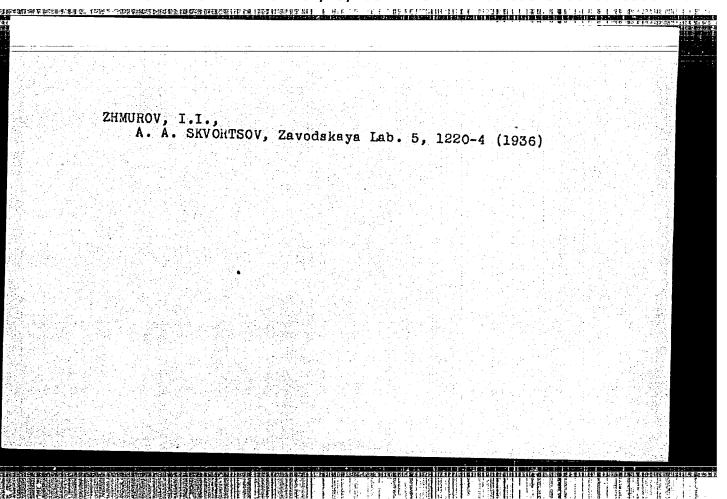




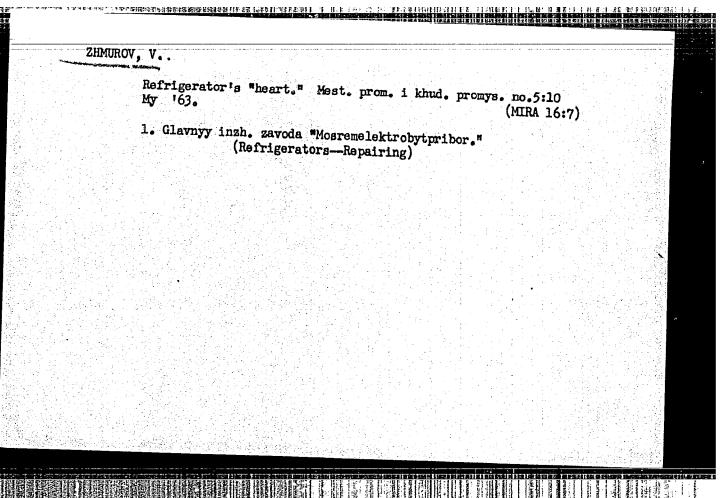


28-58-2-13/41 Zhmurov, G.I., and Chebotarev, V.F., Engineers AUTHORS: TITLE: The Conventional Designation of Materials in Drawings (Uslovnyye oboznacheniya materialov v chertezhnoy dokumentatsii) PERIODICAL: Standartizatsiya, 1958, Nr 2, pp 38-41 (USSR) Recommendations for entering the technical specifications ABSTRACT: of materials on drawings, issued by different ministries and organizations, are not completely uniform. Misunderstanding of such specifications leads to rejection of production and handicapped cooperation between organizations. The authors make practical suggestions on the problem and make material specifications in drawings that are clearly understandable. There are 2 tables. AVAILABLE: Library of Congress Card 1/1 1. Drafting-Standards 2. Standardization-USSR

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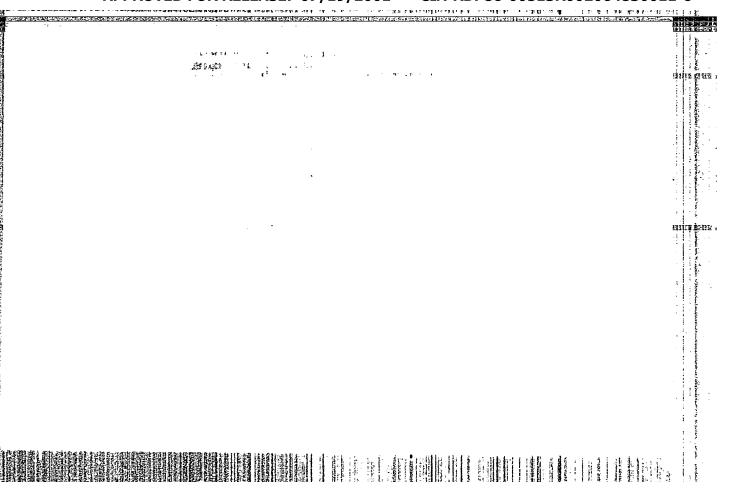


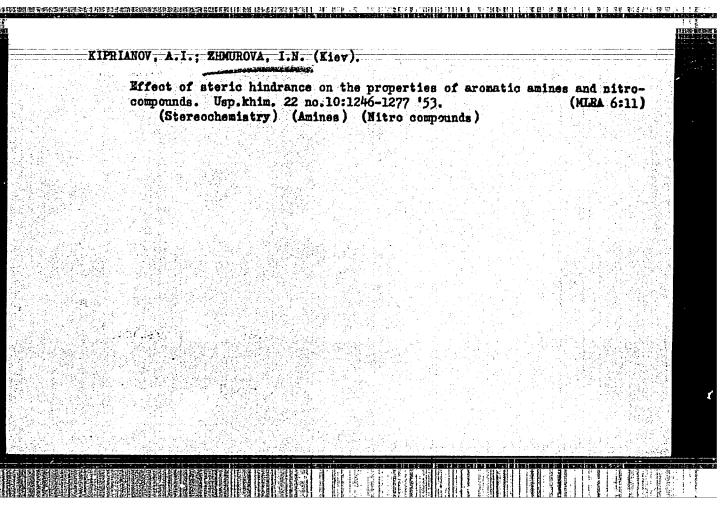
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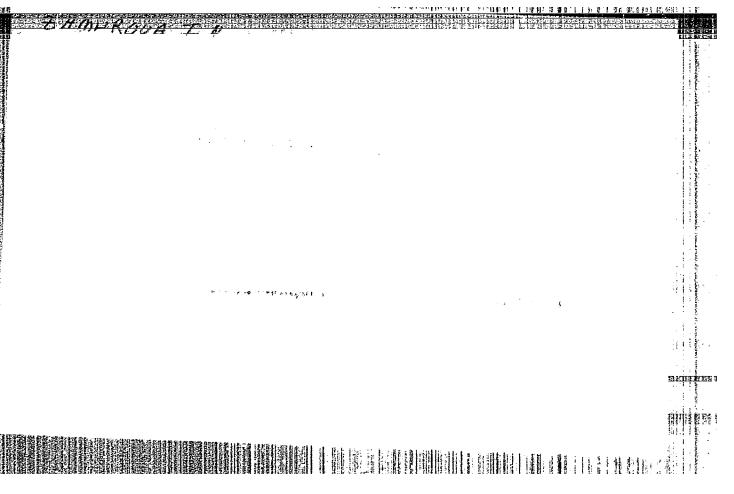


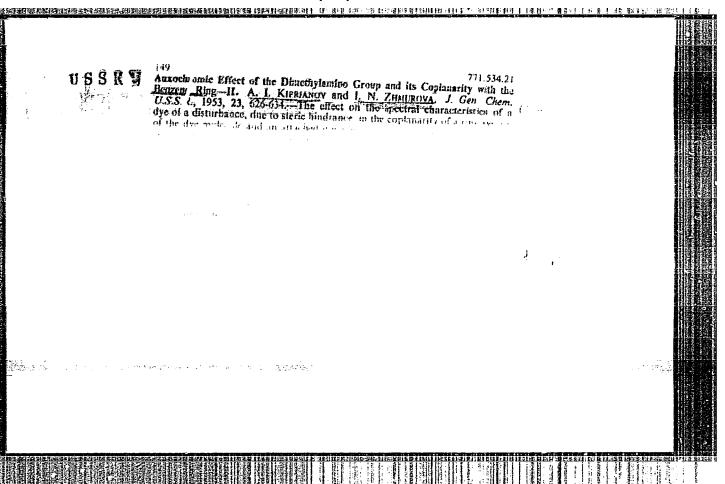
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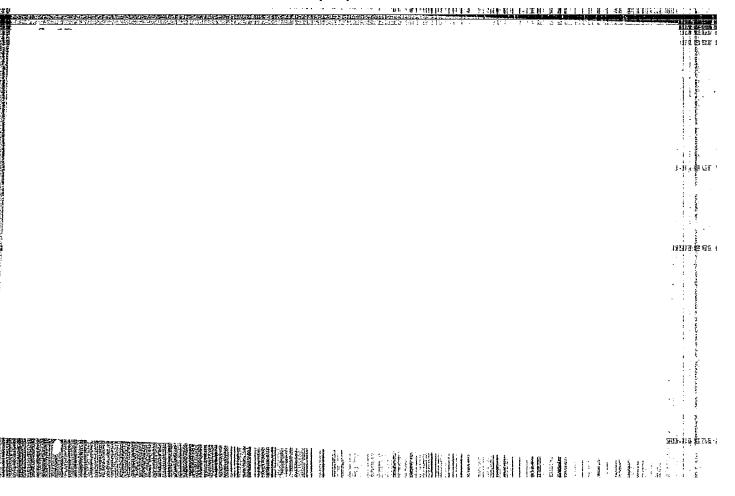
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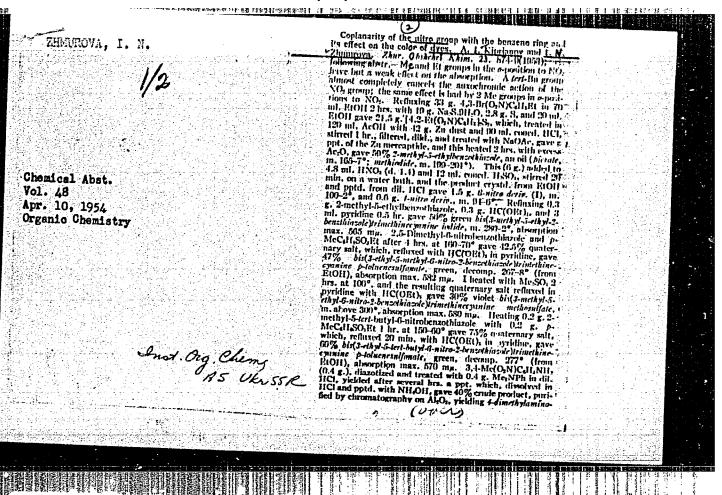


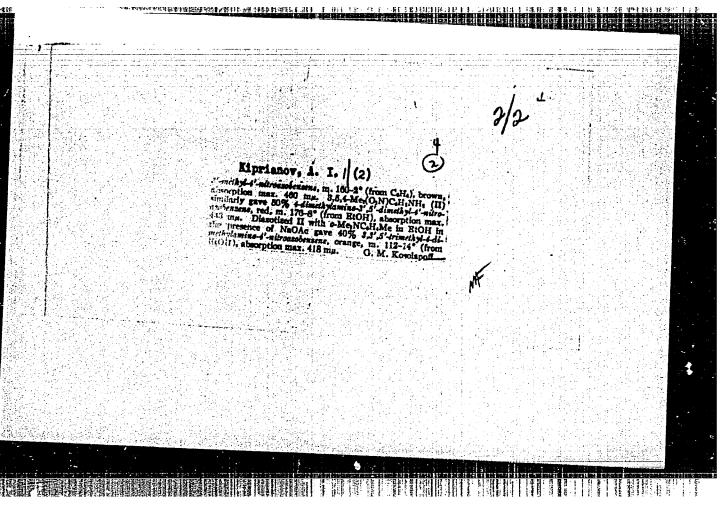


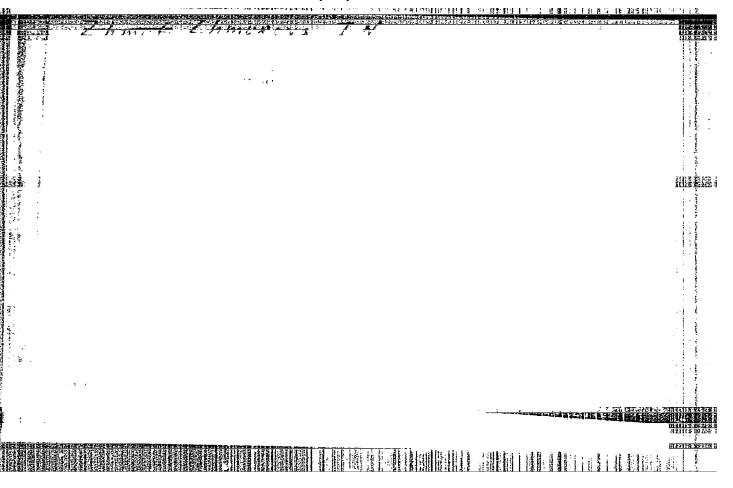


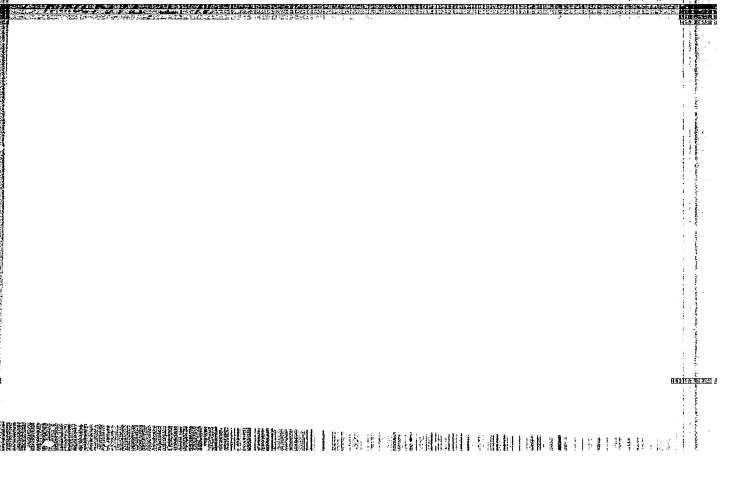












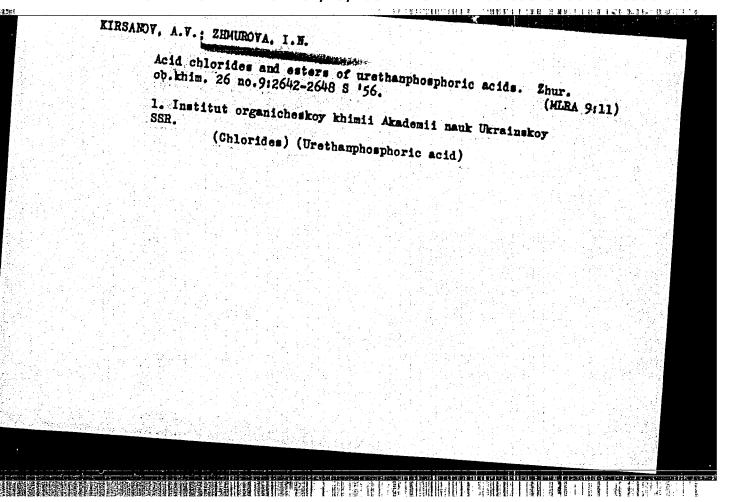
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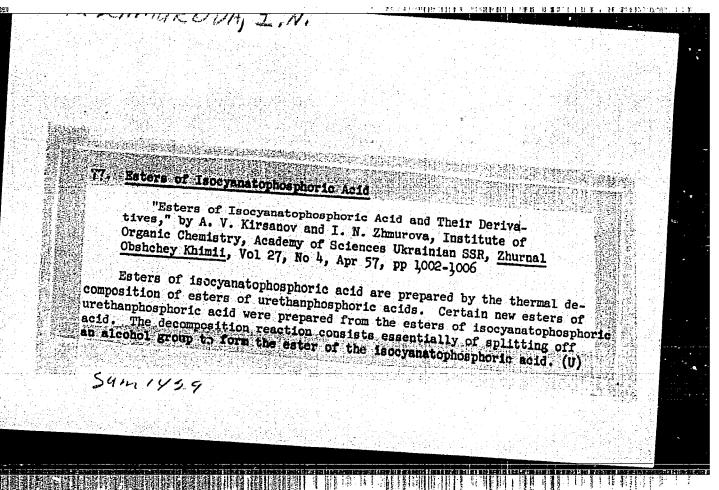
"Esters of N-(Alkylthiocarbamate)-phosphoric and N-(Alkylthiocarbamate)-thiophosphoric Acids," by I. N. Zhmurova, Institute of Organic Chemistry, Academy of Sciences Ukrainian SSR, Ukrainskiy Khimicheskiy Zhurnal, Vol 22, No 5, 1956, pp 627-629

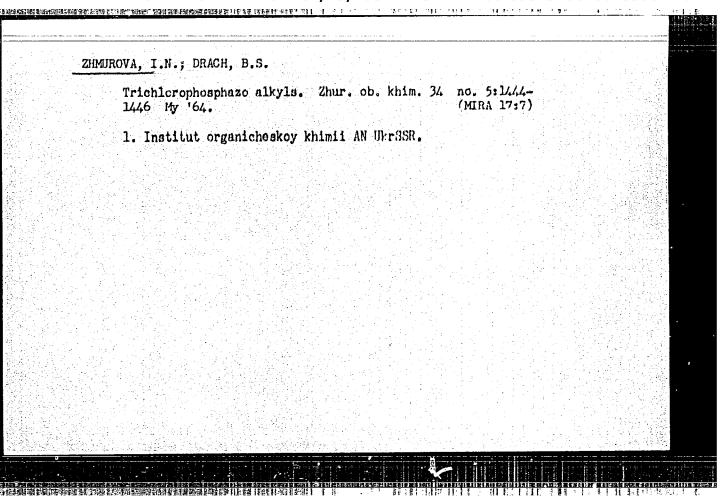
The synthesis of the esters of N-(alkylthiocarbamate)-phosphoric and N-(alkylthiocarbamate)-thiophosphoric acids is discussed. These compounds have not been described in the literature previously. They were prepared by treating dialkylesters of isothiocyanophosphoric and isothiocyanothiophosphoric acids with various alcoholates.

Sum 1219

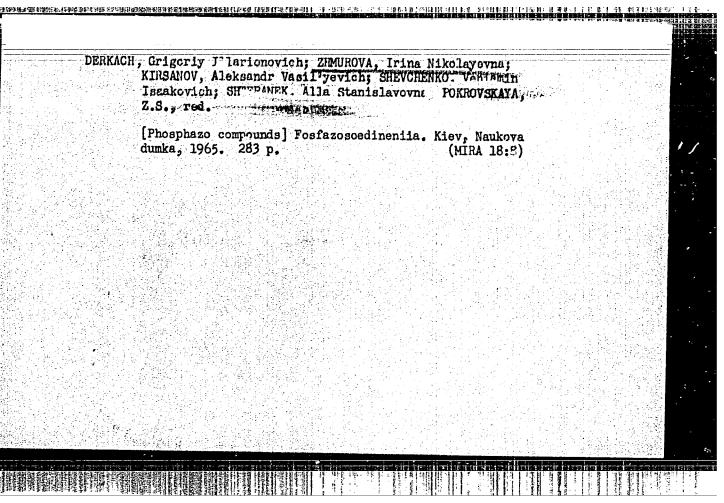
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	Trichlorophosphazo alkyls S 164.	3. Zhur. ob. khim. 34	, no.9:3055-3060 (MIRA 17:11)	
	1. Institut organichesko	khimii AN UkrSSR.		



ZHMUROVA, I.N.; VOYTSEKHOVSKAYA, I.Yu.

Alkyltetrachloro phosphorus. Zhur.ob.khim. 35 no.12:2197-2200
D '65. (MIRA 19:1)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR. Submitted January
18, 1965.

21761-66 ERT(m) RM CC NR: AP6012649	SOURCE CODE: UR/0079/65/03	35 <b>/</b> 002 <b>/0344/0350</b>
UTHOR: Zhmurova, I. N.; Dra	ch, B. S.; Kirsancv, A. V.	79
RG: Institute of Organic Ch N UkrSSR)	<u>emistry, AN UkrSSR (</u> Institut organichesko	y khimii 3
ITLE: Acid chlorides of tri	chlorophosphazo-trichlorophosphazo-alpha-	-carboxyalkyls
OURCE: Zhurnal obshchey khi	mii, v. 35, no. 2, 1965, 344-350	
OPIC TAGS: amino acid, chlo	orination, organic phosphorous compound, o	hloride,
c aminoacids acid chloride btained. In most cases the lation of the alkyl group of	moles of phosphorus pentachloride react wiss of trichlorophosphazo-α-carboxylalkyle phosphazo-reaction is accompanied by chic the amino acid, where usually not less the second	ori-
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AUTHOR: Zhmurova, I. N.; Voytsekhovska;	vo T. v.
ORG: Institute of Organic Chemistry, AN	W Ukrssk (Institut organicheskoy khimii
TITIE: Phosphorus alkyltetrachlorides	
SOURCE: Zhurnal obshchev khimit v 35	
OPIC TAGS: chlorinated organic compoun	d, phosphoric acid, sulfur compound
BSTRACT: When treated with chloutyl-, isobutyl, amyl- and isoam table alkyktetrachlorophosphorus	rine at -20 to 150, isopropyl-,
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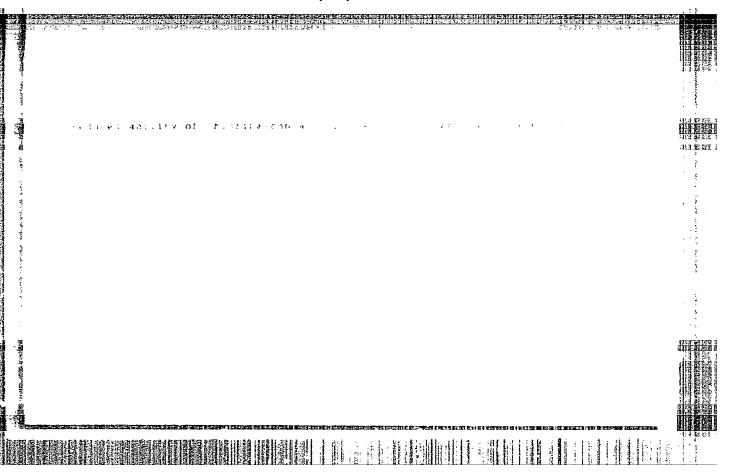
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Phosphazo compounds (Fosfazo 11lus., biblio. (At head organicheskoy khimii) 2000	soyedineniya) Kiev, Izd- of title: Akademiya nav copies printed.	vo "Naukova dumka," 1965 ik Ukrainskoy SSR, Insti	. 283 p.
TOPIC TAGS: organic phospho	rus compound, nitrogen o	compound, organic azo com	pound
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Ch. 1. Introduction 9 Ch. 2. Phosphazosulfonyls - Ch. 3. Phosphazocarbacyls -	• <b>- 1</b> 6		
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		현실하는 이번째를 보고 있다. 임원의 학생들은 100년			

ZHMUR	ROVA, I.N.; DRACH, B.S.; KIISANOV, A.V.		
	Chlorination of hydrocarbon radicals of aliphatic phosphazo compounds by phosphorus pentachloride. U 31 no.2:223-224 .65.	trichloro- Jkr.khim.zhur. (MIRA 18:4)	
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 MUROVA, I.N.; DRACH, B.S.; KIRSANOV, A.V.	
Hydrolysis and acidolysis of trichlorophosphaze trichlorophosphaze- $\alpha$ -carboxyl alkyl chlorides. khim. 35 no.6:1018-1022 Je '65.	
1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR.	
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ZHMUROVA, I.N.; KISILENKO, A.A.; KIRSANOV, A.V.

Infrared spectra of monomer and dimer trichlorophosphazo aryls and phenyldichlorophosphazo aryls. Zhur. A. khim. 32 no.8:2580-(MIRA 15:9)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN Ukrainskoy SSR. (Phosphazo compounds—Spectra)

# S/079/63/033/001/010/023 D205/D307

AUTHORS:

Zhmurova, I. N. and Kirsanov, A. V.

TITLE:

The acidolysis of monomeric and dimeric phenyldichlo-

rophosphazoaryls

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal obshchey khimii, v. 33, no. 1, 1963, 182-188

TEXT: Compounds  $C_6H_5P(0)(NHAr)Cl(1)$ , where  $Ar=C_6H_5$ ,  $\underline{m}-CH_3 \cdot C_6H_4$ ,  $\underline{p}-CH_3 \cdot C_6H_4$ ,  $\underline{p}-CH_3 \cdot C_6H_4$  and  $\underline{p}-EtOC_6H_4$  were prepared by monomerizing  $(ArN=PCl_2C_6H_5)_2$  by boiling with benzene, cooling the monomeric solution and treating it with acetic acid. The reactions could also be carried out without isolating the dimers prior to monomerization. Compounds of type I, where  $Ar=\underline{o}-CH_3C_6H_4$ ,  $\underline{o}-ClC_6H_4$ ,  $\underline{m}-ClC_6H_4$ ,  $\underline{o}-ClC_6H_4$ ,

Card 1/2

S/079/63/033/001/010/023 D205/D307

The acidolysis of ...

(NO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub> and 2,6-Cl<sub>2</sub>-4-NO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>2</sub> were also made, by the acidolysis of monomeric phenyldichlorophosphazoaryls with CH<sub>3</sub>COOH, using benzene or CCl<sub>4</sub> as solvent. The yields of compounds I varied between 57 and 97%. Polymeric anhydroaryliminophenylphosphinic acids [ArNP(0)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>]<sub>n</sub>, where Ar=C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, p-CH<sub>3</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, p-CH<sub>3</sub>OC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, and p-C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub> were obtained by the acidolysis of (ArN=PCl<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)<sub>2</sub> without monomerization, with gentle heating over 5 - 6 hrs together with CH<sub>3</sub>COOH in benzene solution, in 52 - 87% yields. There is 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: Institut organicheskoy khimii Akademii nauk Ukrains-

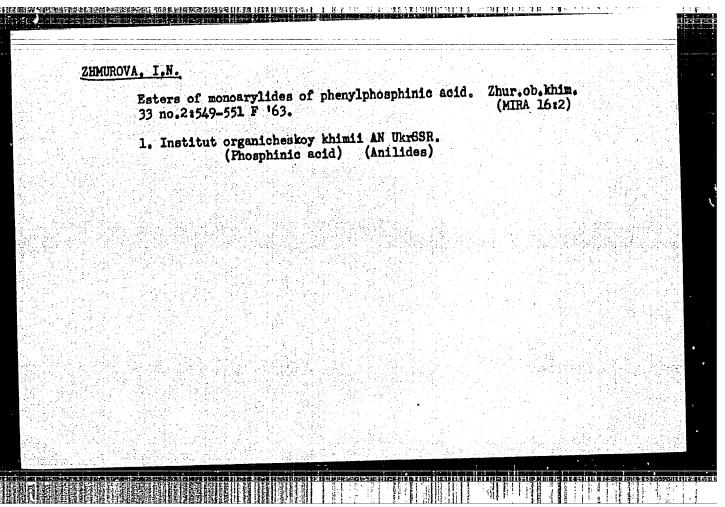
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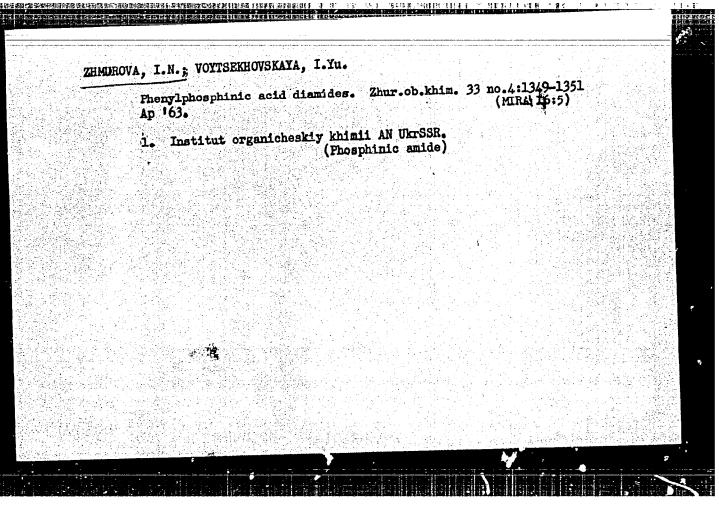
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January 10, 1962

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ZHMUR	VA, I.N.; KIRSANOV, A.V.
	Diphenylchlorophosphazo aryls. Zhur.ob.khim. 33 no.3:1015-1017 Mr 163. (MIRA 16:3)
	1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR. (Phosphorus organic compounds)



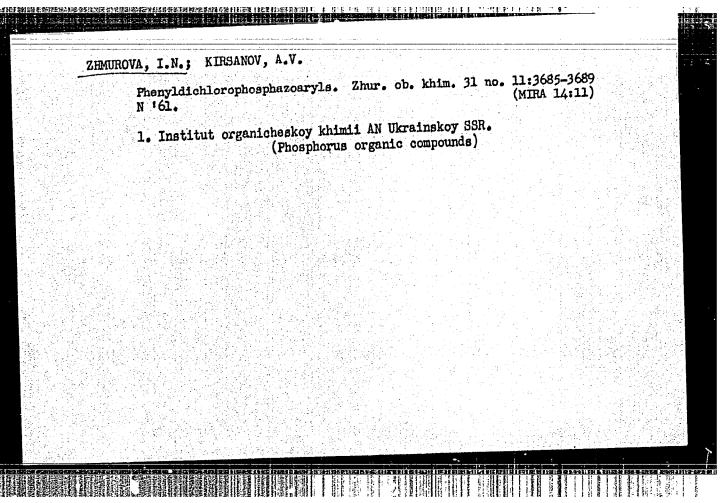
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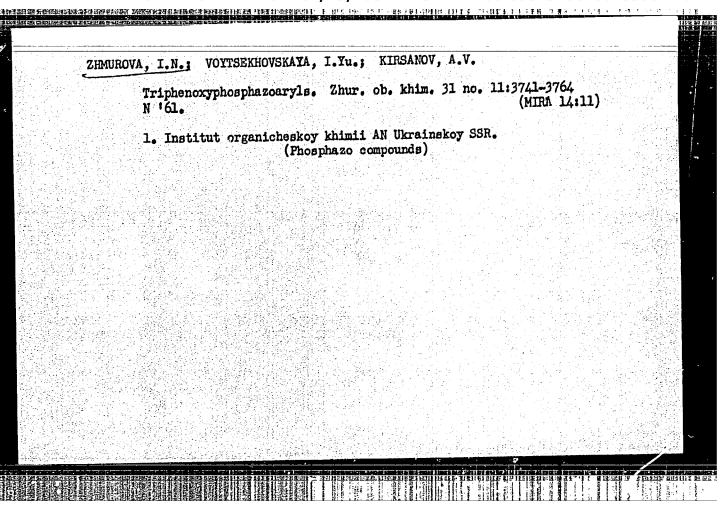
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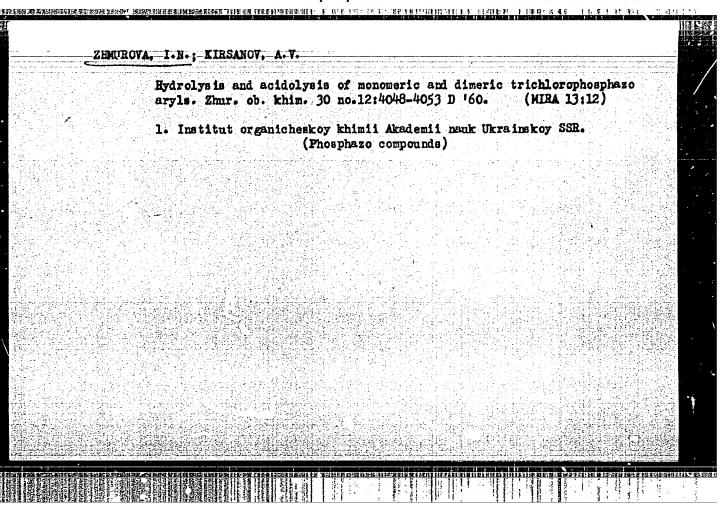
Laocyanates of phosphorus.

Khimiya i Primenentye Fosfororganicheskikh Soyedinenty (Chemistry and application of organophosphorus compounds) A. TE. ARBUZOV, Ed. Publ. by Kazar Affil. Acad. Sci. USSR, Moscow 1962, 632 pp.

Collection of complete papers presented at the 1959 Kazan Conference on Chemistry of Organophosphorus Commounds.







S/079/60/030/012/017/027 B001/B064

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在起来,11年2月1日。1915年1月1日 - 1915年1月1日 - 1915年1日 - 1915年1日

AUTHORS: Zhmurova, I. N. and Kirsanov, A. V.

TITLE:

Hydrolysis and Acidolysis of Monomeric and Dimeric Trichloro-

phosphazoaryls

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal obshchey khimii, 1960, Vol. 30, No. 12, pp.4048-4053

TEXT: The trichlorophosphazoaryls (ArN - PCl<sub>3</sub>) obtained in the previous paper (Ref.1) are easily hydrolyzed by air moisture. They acidolyse with formic and acetic acid to aryl amidophosphoric acid dichlorides (I)-(IV) (Table 1). In contrast to monomeric trichlorophosphazo aryls the dimeric compounds are not transformed into aryl amidophosphoric acid dichlorides during hydrolysis or acidolysis. Dichlorides of the arylamidophosphoric acid (V)-(XII) (Table 1) may be obtained by the method described in Ref.1 under the action of formic acid on the solutions of monomeric trichlorophosphazoaryls according to reaction (A). The latter are easily hydrolyzed with water (some of them even by air moisture) stich renders their purification difficult. On prolonged heating in aissolved state or on water bath without solvent, they gradually decompose. The authors proved Card 1/3

Hydrolysis and Acidolysis of Monomeric and Dimeric Trichlorophosphazoaryls

S/079/60/030/012/017/027 B001/B064

the identity of arylamidophosphoric acids which are mentioned by Michaelis (Ref.2). On reacting PCl<sub>5</sub> with arylamidophosphoric acid dichlorides the initial products were obtained in high yields, i.e., the monomeric and dimeric trichlorophosphazoaryls (Ref.1):

ArNHPOCl<sub>2</sub> + PCl<sub>5</sub> -> POCl<sub>3</sub> + HCl + ArN-PCl<sub>3</sub>

2 ArNHPOC1<sub>2</sub> + 2PC1<sub>5</sub>  $\longrightarrow$  2POC1<sub>3</sub> + 2HC1 + (ArN  $\longrightarrow$  PC1<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>.

The structure of dimeric trichlorophosphazoaryls could be determined by partial hydrolysis only in four dimers. According to the elementary analysis, their molecular weight and the chemical properties, the reaction products obtained in this connection are acid chlorides of N,N'-diaryl-N-dichlorophosphinyl diamidophosphoric acid (Table 2). All other dimers gave only viscous resins. In crystalline state N,N'-diaryl-N-dichlorophosphinyl diamidophosphoric acid chlorides are rather stable; on heating in organic solvents or POCl<sub>3</sub>, they rapidly decompose. Their structure was confirmed by converting them into the

decompose. Their structure was confirmed by converting them into the dimeric initial trichlorophosphazo aryls with 2 mules PCl<sub>5</sub>. There are

Card 2/3

Hydrolysis and Acidolysis of Monomeric and S/079/60/030/012/017/027 Dimeric Trichlorophosphazoaryls B001/B064

2 tables and 2 references: 1 Soviet and 1 German.

ASSOCIATION: Institut organicheskoy khimii Akademii nauk Ukrainskoy SSR (Institute of Organic Chemistry of the Academy of Sciences Ukrainskaya SSR)

SUBMITTED: January 28, 1960

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s/079/60/030/009/011/015 B001/B064

AUTHORS:

Kirsanov, A. V. Zhmurova, I. N.,

TITLE:

Trichloro-phosphazo Aryls

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal obshchey khimii, 1960, Vol. 30, No. 9, pp.3044-3054

TEXT: In continuation of papers of Refs. 1-4 the authors studied the reaction of phosphorus pentachloride with a series of aromatic amines and some derivatives of aryl amido phosphoric acids. Trichloro-phosphazo acyls are obtained almost quantitatively on the action of PCl, on acid amides

(Ref. 1). On the reaction of aromatic amines or their hydrochloric salts with PCl, in boiling carbon tetracaloride compounds are obtained in good yields, which, in their composition, precisely correspond to chloro-phosphazo aryls (Table 1). ArNH2 + PC15 -> 2HC1 + ArN = PC13 (I)

ArNH<sub>3</sub>Cl + PCl<sub>5</sub>  $\rightarrow$  3HCl + ArN = PCl<sub>3</sub> (II) Amines with basicity  $K_{\text{bas}} = 10^{-9} - 10^{13}$  give rise to trichloro-phosphazo aryls in the form of dimers, while low-basicity amines yield such in the form of monomers. Dimers of trichloro-phosphazo aryls obtained from amines Card 1/3

Trichloro-phosphazo Aryls

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with K = 10 - 10 - 10, are decomposed, on boiling, in benzene solutions, and not in monomers, whereas dimers from low-basicity amines are partly or wholly decomposed into monomers. Monomers of trichloro-phosphazo aryls resulting from amines with basicity K = 10-10 - 10-13, could be obtained in benzene solution only. When their solutions are evaporated, the monomers are converted into the respective dimers. Trichloro-phosphazo aryls from amines, with K = 10-14 - 10-19 resemble the trichloro-phosphazo acyls as to their physical and chemical properties. Again with respect to these properties, the dimers of trichloro-phosphazo aryls differ sharply from trichloro-phosphazo acyls and apparently possess a cyclic "bensoid structure". Discrete of trichloro-phosphazo aryls likewise result on the action of PCl on a series of aryl amido phosphoric acids. The dimers of trichloro-phosphazo aryla derive their importance from the fact that they are also formed by the reaction of phosphorus pentachloride with various derivatives of aryl amido phosphoric acids (Table 2). There are tables and 13 references: 1 Soviet, 6 US, 1 German, 3 British, and 2 French.

Card 2/3

Trichloro-pho	sphazo Aryls S/079/60/030/009/011/015 B001/B064
ASSOCIATION:	Institut organicheskoy khimii Akademii nauk Ukrainskoy SSR (Institute of Organic Chemistry of the Academy of Sciences of the Ukrainskaya SSR)
SUBMITTED:	July 31, 1959
Card 3/3	경기 등

5 (3) SOV/79-29-7-34/83 Levchenko, Ye. S., Zhmurova, I. N., AUTHORS: Kirsanov, A. V. Reaction of Phosphorus Pentachloride With Acid Dichlorides and TITLE: Diesters of the Aryl Sulphonamidophosphoric Acids (Reaktsiya pyatikhloristogo fosfora s dikhlorangidridami i diefirami arilsul'fonamidofosfornykh kislot) Zhurnal obshchey khimii, 1959, Vol 29, Nr 7, pp 2262 - 2267 PERIODICAL: (USSR) Kirsanov succeeded in transforming the trichloro phosphazosul-ABSTRACT: phonalkyls and aryls of the type RSO2N=PCl3 into the acid dichlorides of the corresponding alkyl- and aryl sulphon-midephosphoric acids according to the scheme RSO2N=PC13+H20 +RSO2NHPOC12 by the action of water or formic acid (Ref 1). It was of interest to find out whether a reverse transformation was possible, i.e. whether the corresponding trichlorophosphazo compounds could be obtained according to the scheme RSO\_NHPOCl\_+ -> HC1 + POC13 + RSO2N - PC13(I) from the acid dichlor-Card 1/3

Reaction of Phosphorus Pentachloride With Acid SOV/79-29-7-34/83
Dichlorides and Diesters of the Aryl Sulphonamidophosphoric Acids

ides of aryl sulphonamidophosphoric acids. The experiments showed that the reaction (I) for the acid dichlorides of o-, m-, and p-nitrophenyl sulphonamidophosphoric acids takes place at 130 - 1350 within 10-15 min in yields of from 47 to 80% as well as for phenyl ester of the N-(dichlorophosphiny1)-monoamide of p-benzene disulphonic acid at 115-120° within 20-25 min in a yield of 49%. In all cases by-products of unknown nature are formed. Also in the reaction of PCl, with the potassium salts of the acid dictiorides of nitrophenyl sulphonamidophosphoric acids the same yields were obtained. In the action of PCl on the acid dichlorides of aryl sulphonamidophosphoric acids, the molecules of which contain no other substituents in the aromatic nucleus, no corresponding trichlorophosphazo sulphonaryls are formed. In the reaction of PCl5 with the diphenyl esters of the above acids the diphenoxy chlorophosphazosulphonaryls, irrespective of the nature and the position of the substituents, are obtained in the aromatic nucleus of sulphonic

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Reaction of Phosphorus Pentachloride With Acid SOV/79-29-7-34/85 Dichlorides and Diesters of the Aryl Sulphonamidophos-

acid (Scheme 3). The constants, analytical data and the yields of the diphenoxy chlorophosphazosulphonaryls are tabulated. There are 1 table and 7 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION:

Institut organicheskoy khimii Akademii nauk Ukrainskoy SSR (Institute of Organic Chemistry of the Academy of Sciences of the Ukrainskaya SSR)

SUBMITTED:

June 23, 1958

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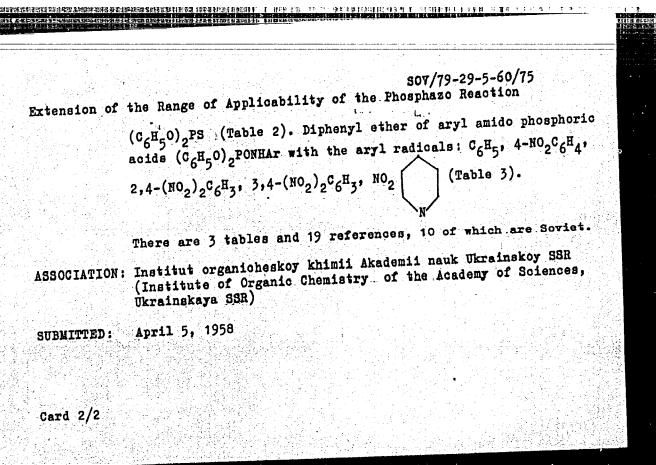
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#### CIA-RDP86-00513R002064830011-6 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/19/2001

BOV/79-29-5-60/75 Kirsanov, A. V. 5(3) Zhmurova, I. N., Extension of the Range of Applicability of the Phosphazo AUTHORS: Reaction (Rasshireniye granits primeneniya fosfazoreaktsii) TITLE: Zhurnal obshcher khimii, 1959, Vol 29, Nr 5, pp 1687-1694 (USSR) By the action of phosphorus pentachloride on triaryl phosphite PERIODICAL: one obtains triaroxy phosphorus dichlorides. Not only phosphorus pentachloride but also pentaphenoxy phosphorus and tri-ABSTRACT: phenoxy phosphorus dichloride may he utilized as phosphorus containing components for phosphazo reactions. Triphenoxy phosphazo aryls are obtained by the reaction of the abovementioned compounds with aromatic amines. Production and properties of the following compounds are given. Triphenoxy phosphorus dichloride, pentaphenoxy phosphorus, triphenoxy phosphazo phenyl, triphenoxy phosphazo nitrophenyls ArN=P(OC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)<sub>3</sub> with the aryl radicals: 4-NO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 2,4-(NO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>, 3,4-(NO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, 2,4,6-(NO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>2</sub> (Table 1), triphenoxy phosphazoacyls AcN=P(OC6H5)3 with the acyl radicals:  $c_6H_5SO_2$ ,  $SO_2[N=P(OC_6H_5)_3]_2$ ,  $(c_6H_5O)_2PO$ , Card 1/2

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/19/2001



5 (3) AUTHORS:

Zhmurova, I. N., Voytsekhovskaya, I. Yu., SOV/79-29-6-67/72

Kirsanov, A. V.

TITLE:

Direct Amidation of Carboxylic Acids (Neposredstvennoye

amidirovaniye karbonovykh kislot)

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal obshchey khirii, 1959, Vol 29, Nr 6, pp 2083 - 2088

(USBR)

ABSTRACT:

In this investigation the authors attempted to extend the scope of application of direct amidation of carboxylic acids, under "softer conditions in a pyridine solvent" (Ref 3) without examining the question of amidation under "harder conditions at higher temperatures". Different amides affect carboxylic acids quite differently. It is especially unintelligible that several homologues and analogues of trianilide of the phosphoric acid do not react with carboxylic acids, when heated in pyridine. The question was of interest, whether the amides of the monobasic phosphoric acids occur in pyridine as an agen, of amidation, and whether for amidation under "soft conditions" the presence of two groups of amides in the molecule is necessary, in which at least one "free" hydrogen atom, connected with the nitrogen atom of the amide group (Ref 2) has to be present.

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Direct Amidation of Carboxylic Acids

SOV/79-29-6-67/72

Amides of the type (HO)2PONH2 and Ar2PONH2 and their N-substituted compounds were selected as samples to be analysed. The amide and the dimethyl amide of the diphenylphosphinic acid amidate the carboxylic acids, when heated in pyridine or dioxane and are very easily saponified. The amidation capacity of the amides of the diphenylphosphinic and diphenylthiophosphinic acids corresponds to their easiness of saponification i.e. to their capacity to combine with hydroxyl. The amide, dimethylamide and phenylamide of the diphenylthiophosphinic acid and the phenylamide of diphenylphosphinic acid do not amidize the carboxylic acid under the same conditions, and it is difficult to saponify them. The mechanism of amidation of carboxylic acids with amide and dimethylamide of the diphenylphosphinic acid differs from the mechanism of amidation of the carboxylic acids with amides of the sulphuric acid. Some amides of the diphenylphosphinic and diphenylthiophosphinic acid were synthesized. The amidation with the amide of the diphenylphosphinic acid, according to the scheme  $RCOOH + (C_6H_5)_2PONH_2 \longrightarrow RCONH_2 + (C_6H_5)_2POOH$ takes place especially smoothly. In the table amices of both

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